

ELECTROMAGNETIC FOLLOW-UP OF SNE AND THE GRAVITATIONAL WAVE OPTICAL TRANSIENT OBSERVER

Joe Lyman, University of Warwick
UKRI Future Leaders Fellow

ELECTROMAGNETIC DISCOVERY OF SNE

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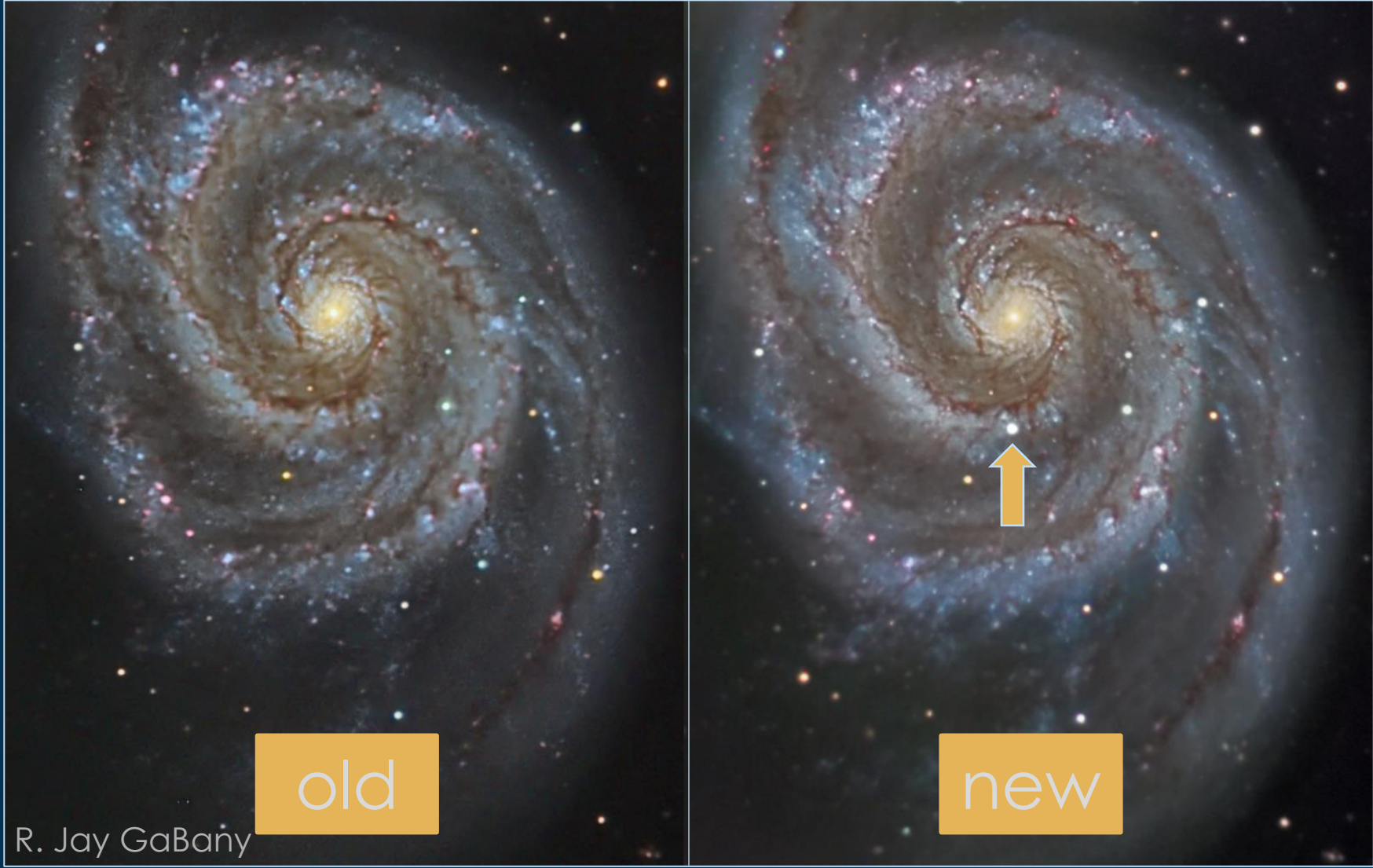
SPOT THE DIFFERENCE



R. Jay GaBañy

ELECTROMAGNETIC DISCOVERY OF SNE

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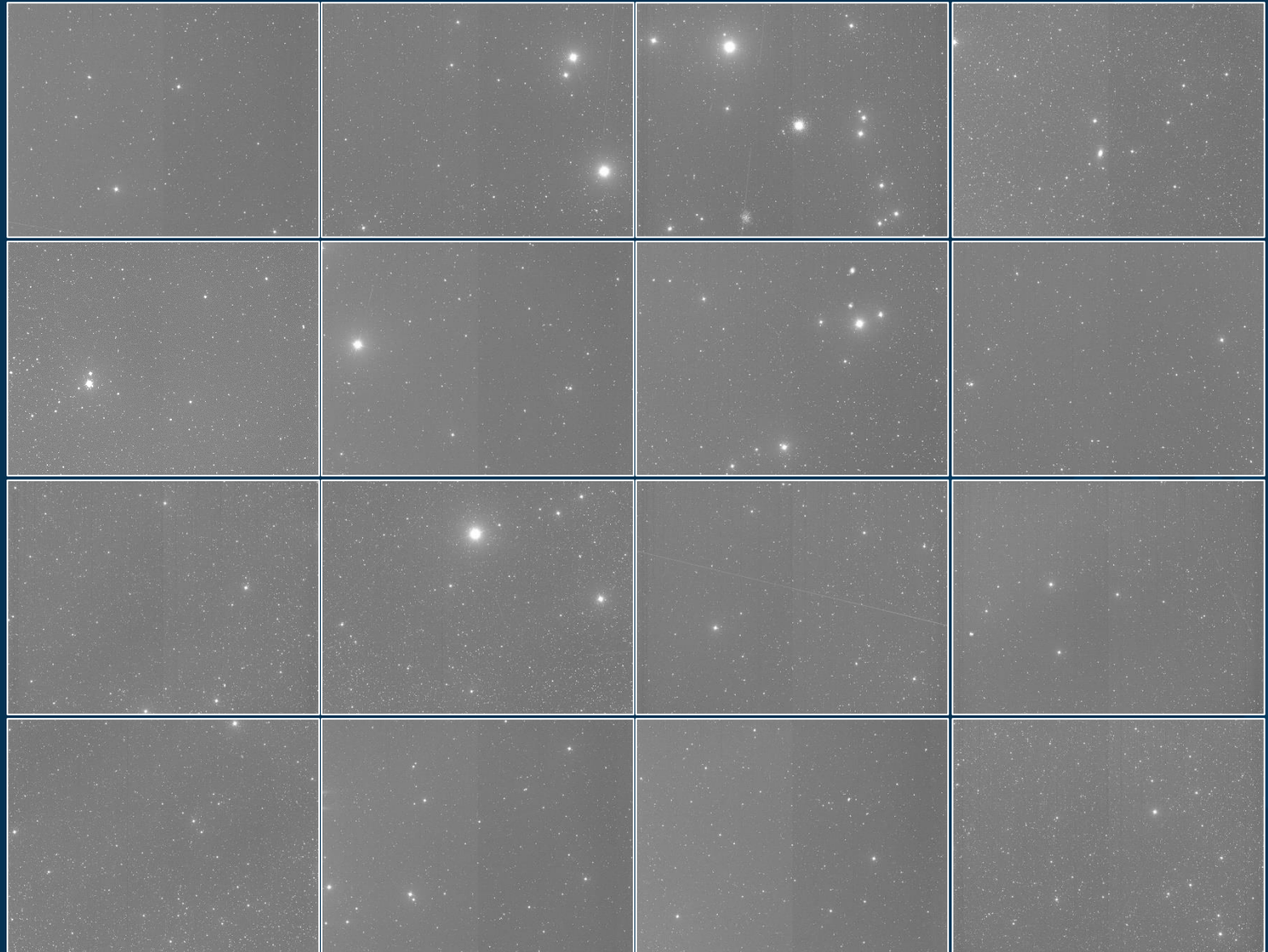
ELECTROMAGNETIC DISCOVERY OF SNE

DATA SCALES

Full moon: 

Previous Galaxy: 

GOTO field of view:



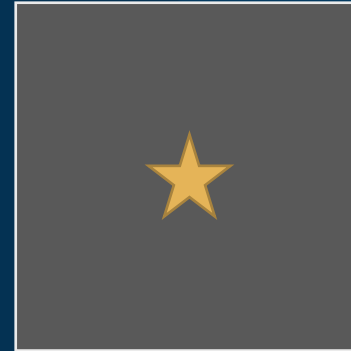
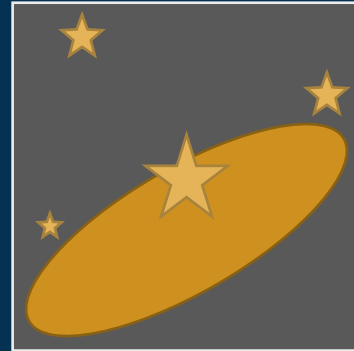
ELECTROMAGNETIC DISCOVERY OF SNE

DIFFERENCE IMAGE ANALYSIS

A "new" image →

Science - Template = Difference

An "old" reference image



ELECTROMAGNETIC DISCOVERY OF SNE

DIFFERENCE IMAGE ANALYSIS

A "new" image →

$$\text{Science} - \text{Template} = \text{Difference}$$

An "old" reference image ↙



$$\text{new} - \text{old} = \text{difference}$$

MULTI-MESSENGER CONSIDERATIONS

Joe Lyman – KCL – SN neutrinos – Apr 2022

MULTI-MESSENGER CONSIDERATIONS

BRIGHTNESS!

SN 2014J @ 3.5 Mpc

The SN is also prominent on R-band photometry from the P48 prior to January 21 [...] but remained undetected by our automated software due to pixel saturation.

Goobar+ 2014



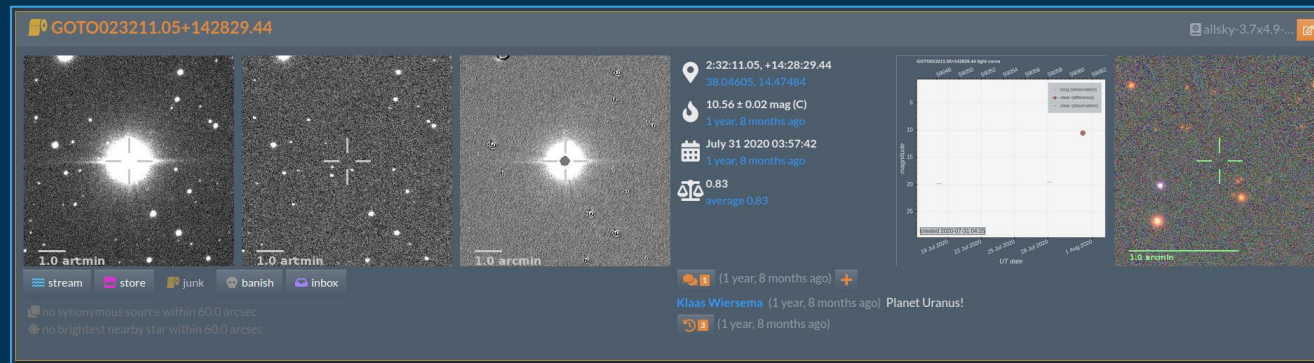
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Killestein, JL+ 2021

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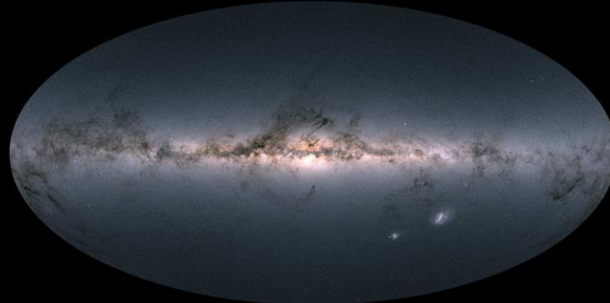
MILKY WAY EXTINCTION AND CROWDEDNESS

Property

Map

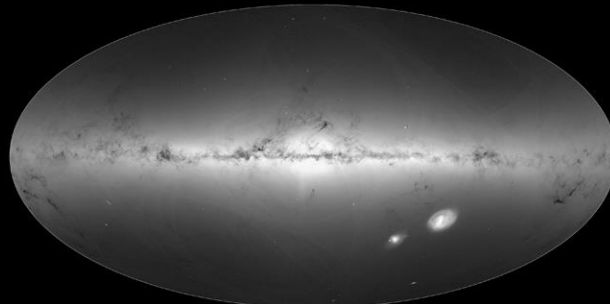
Effect

Brightness of stars



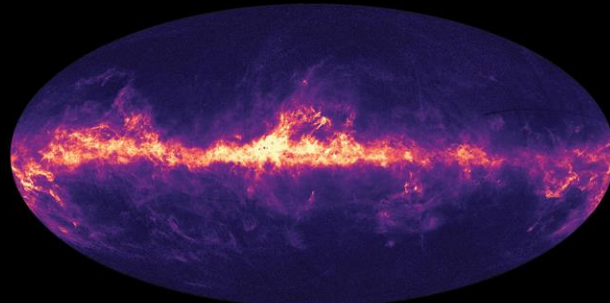
Difficulty finding/extracting SN in difference image

Density of stars



Difficulty finding/extracting SN in difference image

Attenuation of light (extinction)

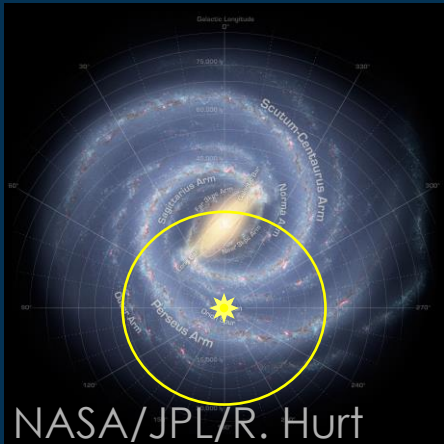


Fainter and Redder SN

MULTI-MESSENGER CONSIDERATIONS

MILKY WAY EXTINCTION AND CROWDEDNESS

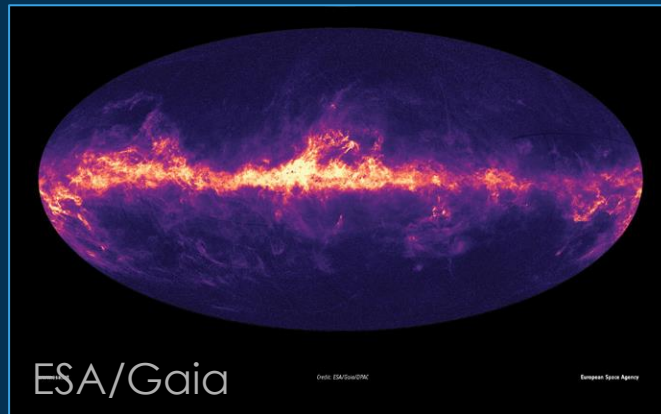
An example SN @ 8.5 kpc



	~No extinction ($A_v \sim 0$ mag)	Low extinction ($A_v < 10$ mag)	Moderate extinction ($15 < A_v < 25$ mag)	High extinction ($A_v > 30$)
Optical (~550nm)	-2.5 mag	< 7.5 mag	Between 12-22 mag	> 27.5 mag
Near-infrared (~1200nm)	-2.5 mag	0.5 mag	Between 2-5 mag	> 6.5mag

Attenuation of light (extinction)

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Fainter and Redder SN

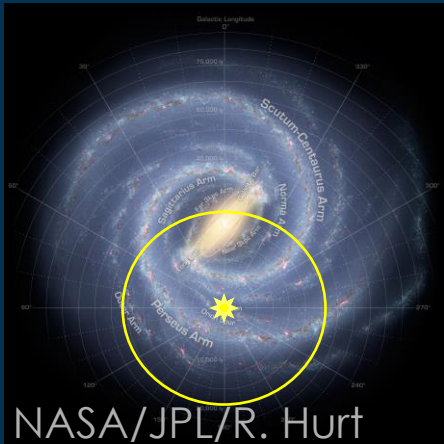
MULTI-MESSENGER CONSIDERATIONS

MILKY WAY EXTINCTION AND CROWDEDNESS

"naked eye"/amateur astronomers

Barely observable with Hubble

An example SN @ 8.5 kpc



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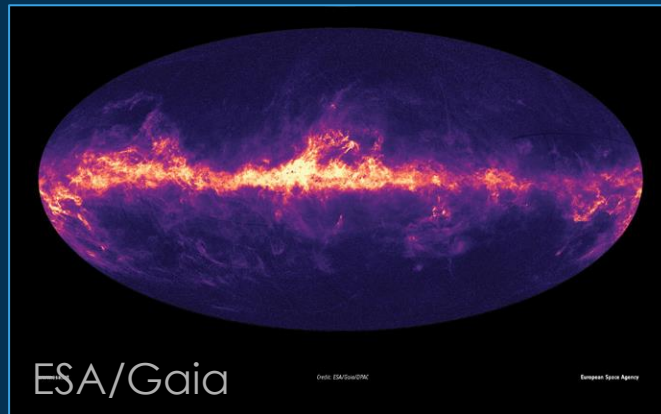
Saturate most professional instruments

Wide-field sky surveys

Attenuation of light (extinction)

Fainter and Redder SN

Joe Lyman – KCL – SN neutrinos – Apr 2022



ELECTROMAGNETIC CAPABILITIES

The background is a solid dark blue color. It features several semi-transparent, light blue circles of varying sizes scattered across the frame. On the right side, there is a thick, light blue wavy line that resembles a signal or a pulse, starting from the right edge and moving towards the center.

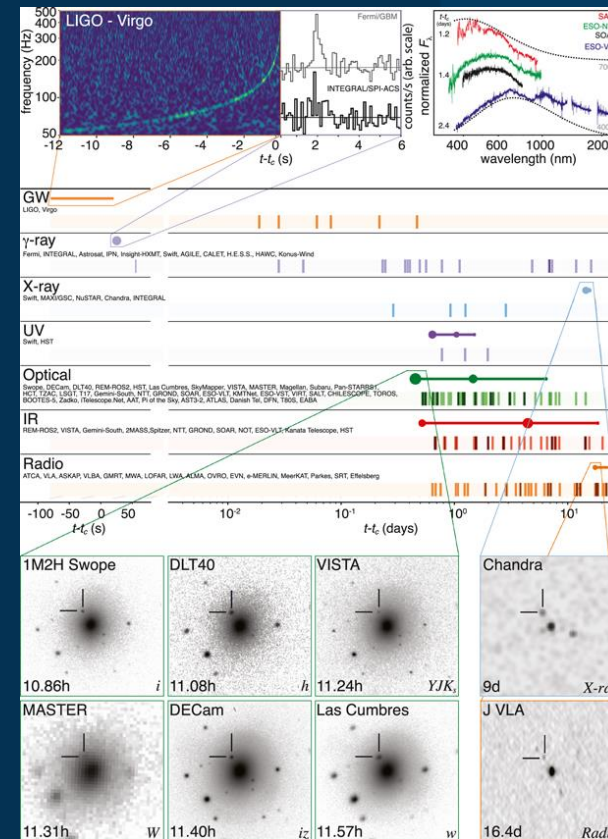
THE EM COMMUNITY'S RESPONSE TO TRIGGERS

CUES FROM EXISTING ALERTS

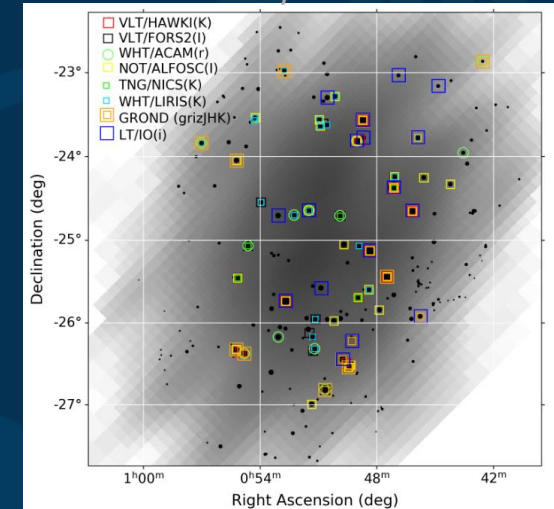
- Huge, (somewhat) coordinated effort following Graviational-wave triggers (esp. GW170817)
 - Even in the absence of pre-allocated time on many facilities
- **Provided the confidence is given with a trigger**, most EM facilities are comfortable receiving marginal alerts
 - e.g. IceCube Neutrino alerts.



GW170817 (Abbott+ 2017)

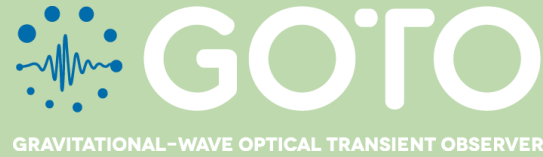


GW190814 (ENGRAVE collab 2020)

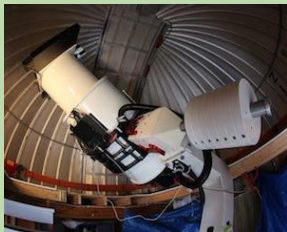


EM DISCOVERY FACILITIES

WIDE-FIELD SKY SURVEYS

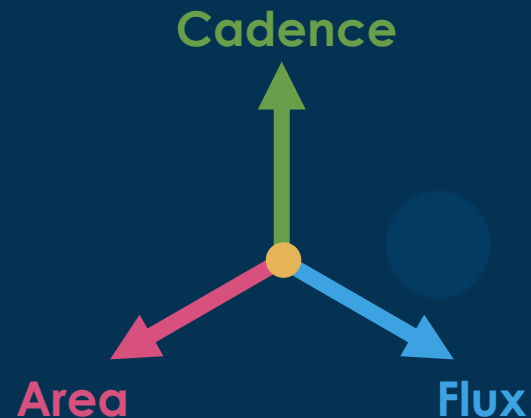


Gattini-IR



- **Field of views 10s of sq. degree**
 - ~1-10s of unit telescopes
- **Optical [NIR] depths of 18-23 [16] mag**
 - ~0.1-1m apertures
- **Saturation around 9-12 mag**
- **Cadence of 1-few days**
 - Sky coverage 1000s sq. degree/night

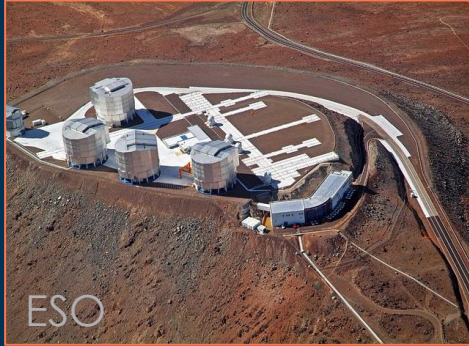
Joe Lyman – KCL – SN neutrinos – Apr 2022



EM FOLLOW-UP POTENTIAL

SPECIALISED INSTRUMENTATION

High spatial resolution

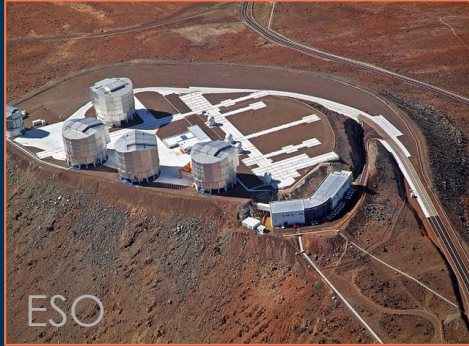


- Effective resolution of $3.8e14$ cm (less than Neptune's orbit) at 8.5 kpc
- Resolved observations in 4-5 days assuming 10,000 km/s expansion

EM FOLLOW-UP POTENTIAL

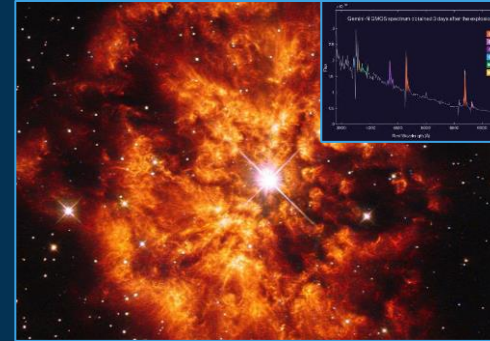
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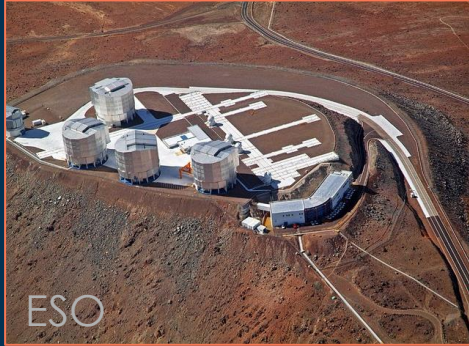
HST / Gal-Yam+ 2022

- Probe immediate surroundings and mass loss of progenitor star
- Spectropolarimetric observations probe asymmetry of elemental- and bulk-ejecta

EM FOLLOW-UP POTENTIAL

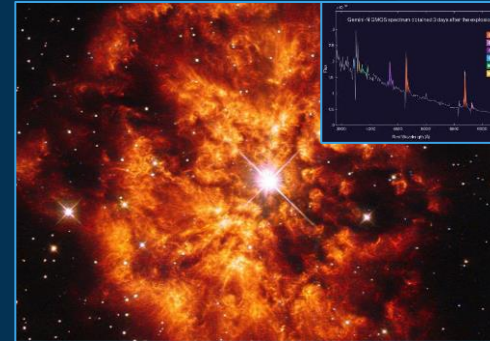
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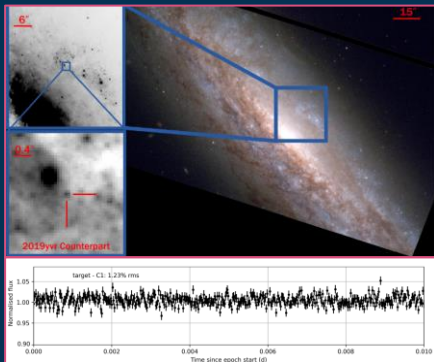
High spectral resolution



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- Probe immediate surroundings and mass loss of progenitor star
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High temporal resolution



- Pre-explosion variability probes final stages of stellar evolution
- Post-explosion short-timescale variability probes circum-stellar medium inhomogeneities

Kilpatrick+ 2021/ Killestein+ in prep

EM FOLLOW-UP POTENTIAL

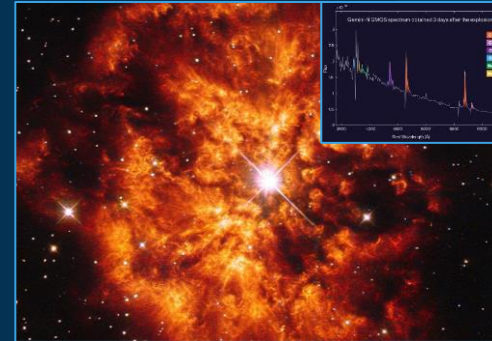
SPECIALISED INSTRUMENTATION

High spatial resolution



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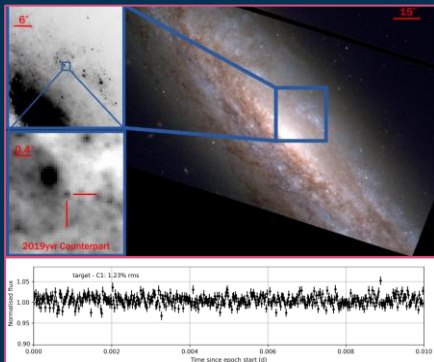
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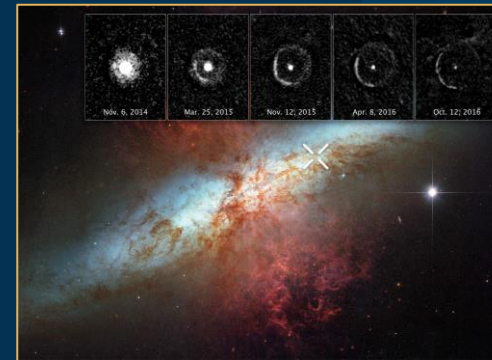
High temporal resolution



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Kilpatrick+ 2021/ Killestein+ in prep

Late-time light echoes



HST / Y. Yang+ 2015

- Map the spatial/density distribution of the interstellar medium
- Obtain different viewing angles of the supernova



GOTO

GRAVITATIONAL-WAVE OPTICAL TRANSIENT OBSERVER



goto-observatory.org
[@GOTOObservatory](https://twitter.com/GOTOObservatory)

EM MULTI-MESSENGER ASTRONOMY

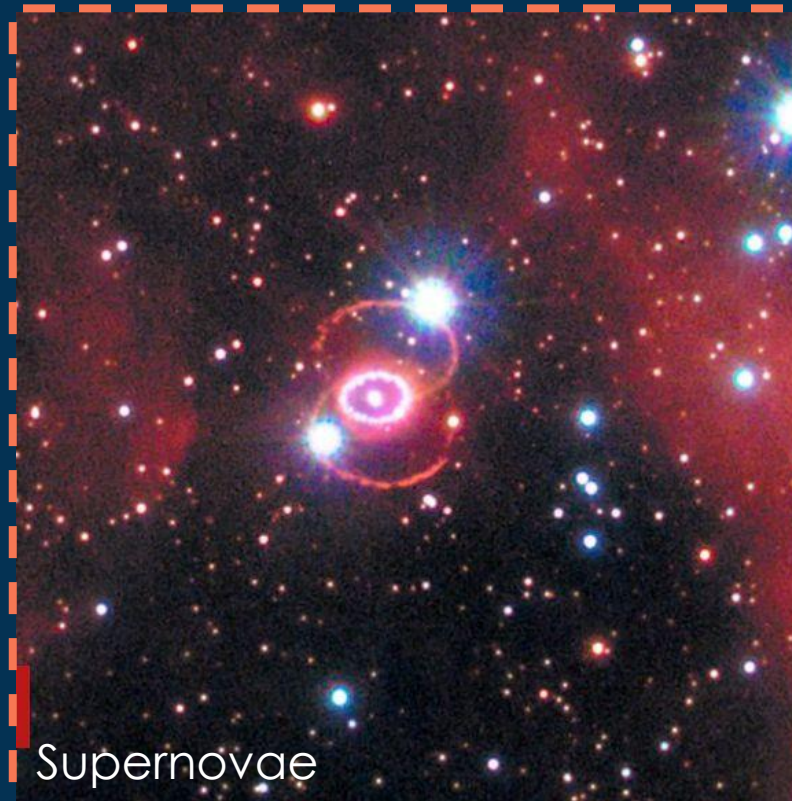
SOURCES

Cosmic rays

Neutrinos

Gravitational waves

Electromagnetic



Supernovae



GRBs



AGN



Neutron star



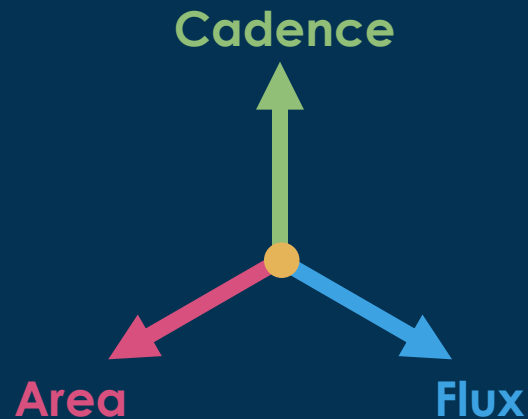
Black hole



SMBH

GOTO DESIGN AND PURPOSE

- A dedicated wide-field optical survey for detecting EM counterparts of GW sources
- Use small unit telescopes in arrays to create cost-effective, scalable, and adaptable wide-field survey



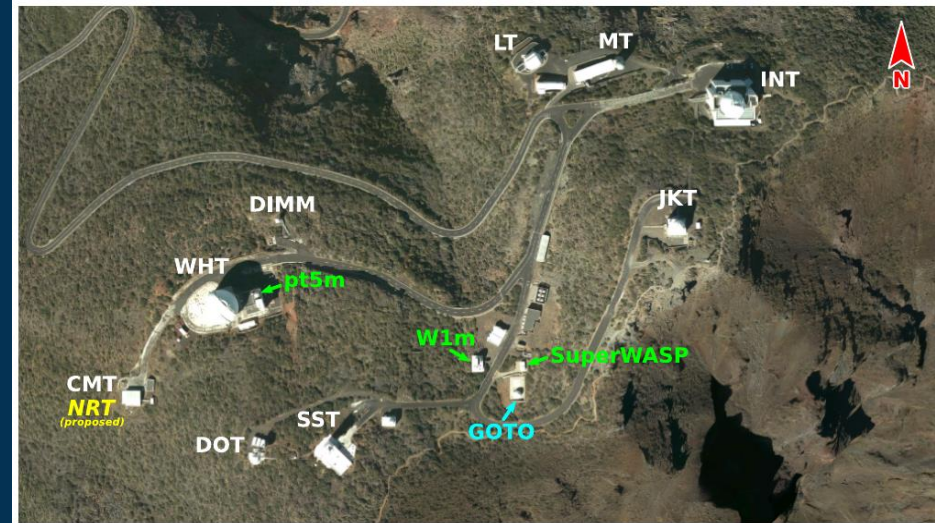
goto-observatory.org
[@GOTOObservatory](https://twitter.com/GOTOObservatory)

GOTO PROTOTYPE SYSTEM (2017-2020)

Steeghs+ 2022

La Palma

- 4x40cm f/2.5 unit telescopes



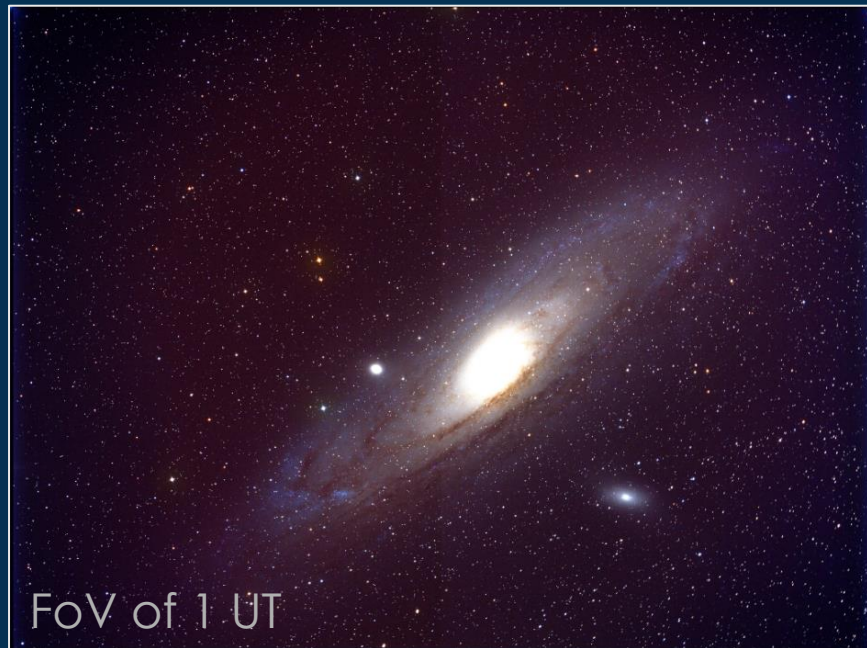
La Palma 4 UT prototype in 2018

GOTO PROTOTYPE SYSTEM (2017-2020)

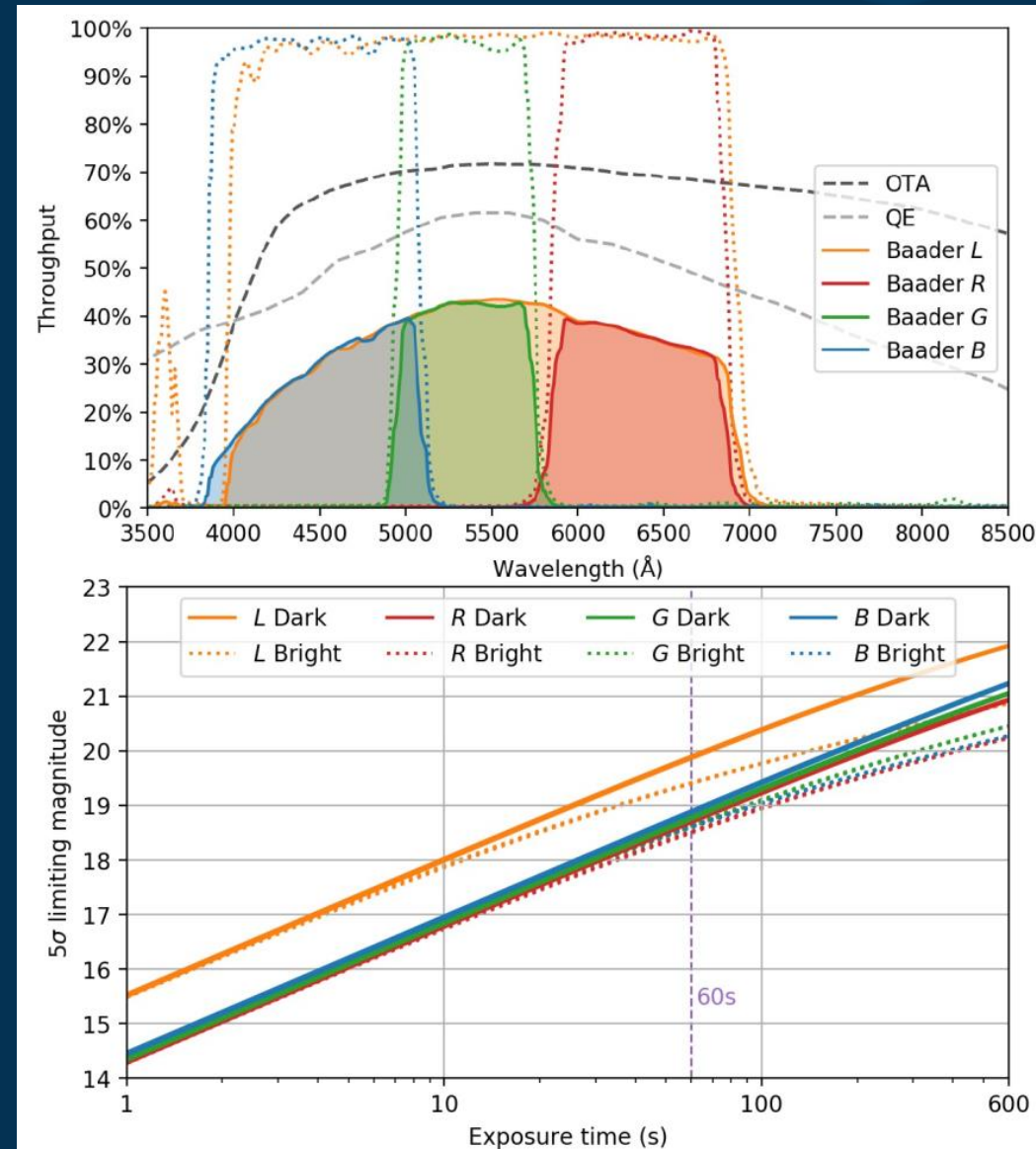
Steeghs+ 2022

La Palma

- 4x40cm f/2.5 unit telescopes
- 1.25"/pixel (50M pixel CCD)
- 5 slot filterwheel (Baader LRGBC)
- Total field of view ~ 20 sq. degree
- ~20 mag in 60s



Joe Lyman – KCL – SN neutrinos – Apr 2022

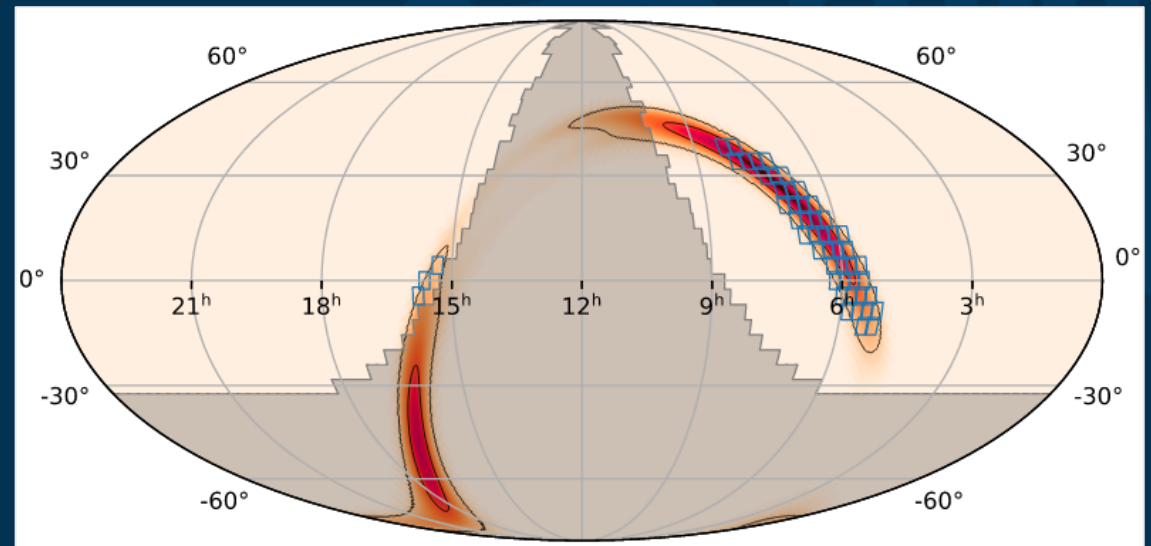
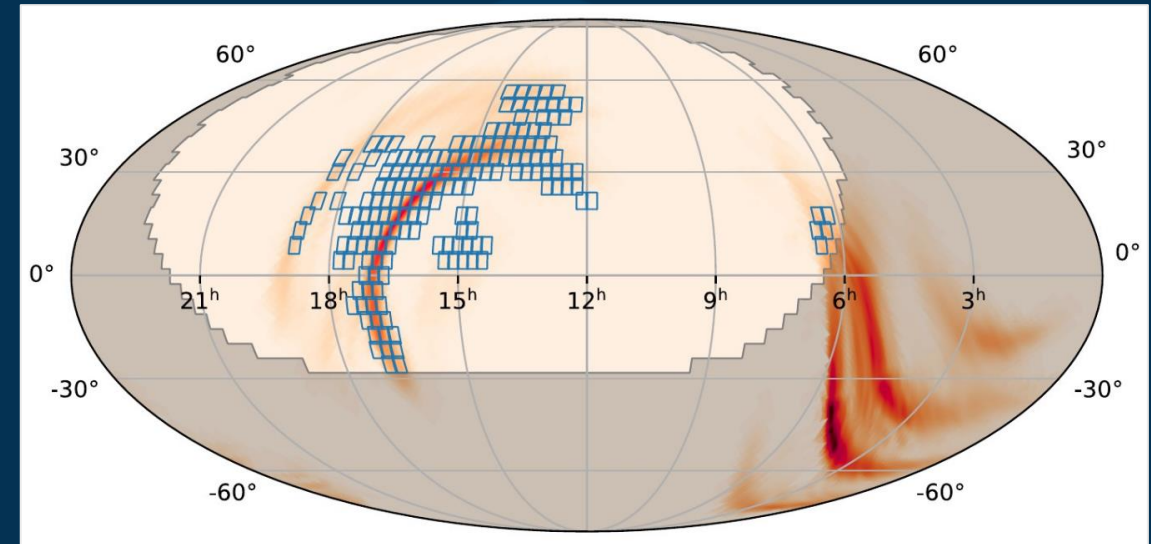


GOTO PROTOTYPE SYSTEM (2017-2020)

Steeghs+ 2022

- Triggered on 32 GW events in one-half of a LIGO/Virgo observing run
- Reached depths to detect kilonovae comparable to NS-NS GW detector horizons in most cases
- Observing within a few minutes of trigger when observability allowed

Gompertz+ 2020



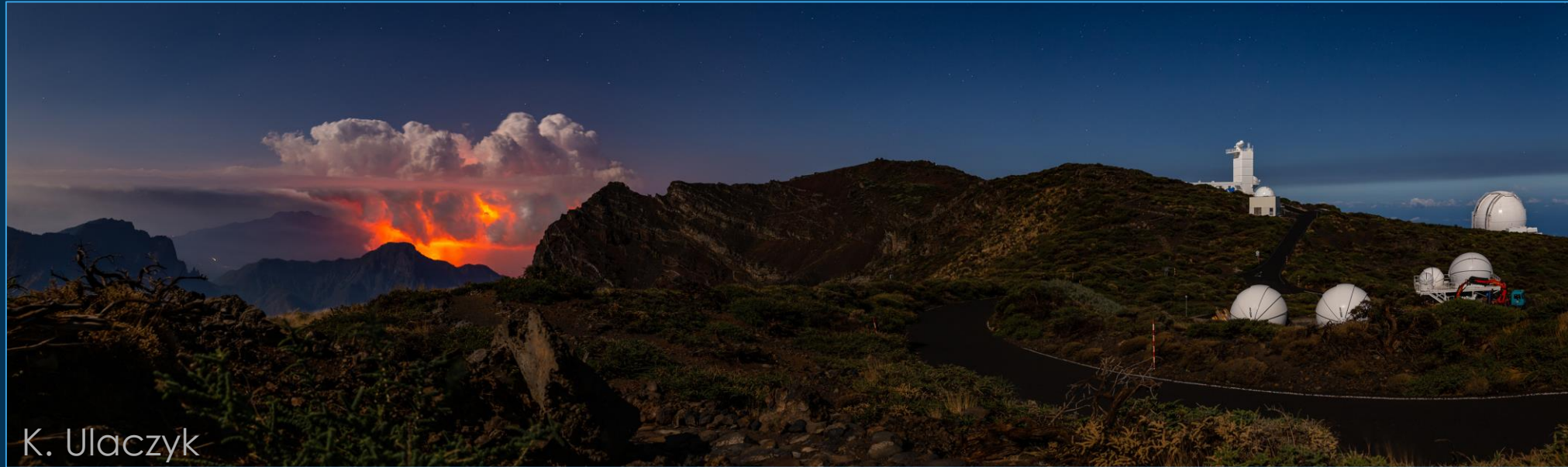
GOTO DEVELOPMENT (2020-2022)

NEW HARDWARE



GOTO DEVELOPMENT (2020-2022)

“CHALLENGES”



K. Ulaczyk

- Pandemic
- Volcano
- Hail/Ice
- Locusts



GOTO FULL DESIGN

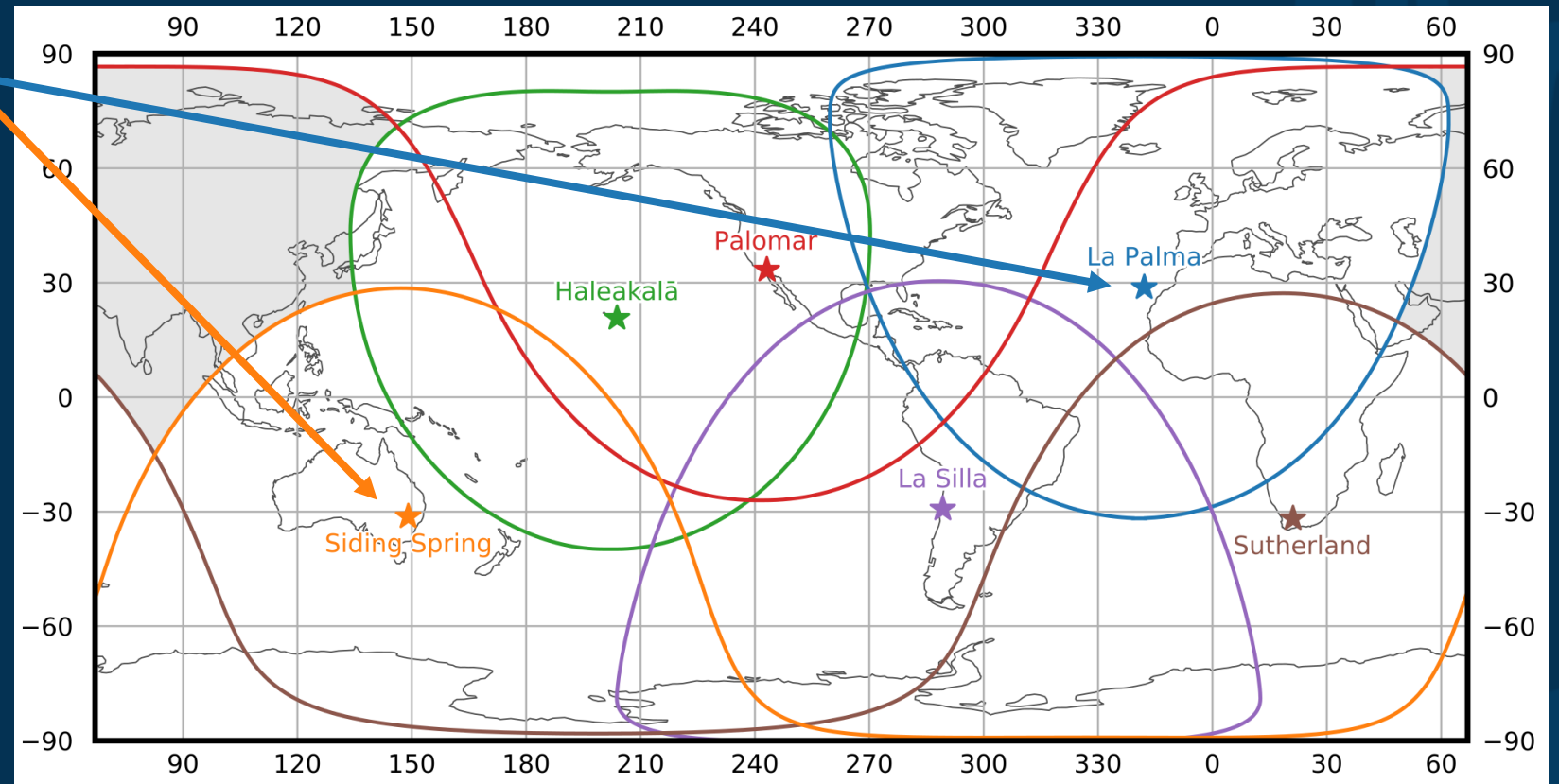
SITES

- **La Palma** node complete with 2x8 UT mounts
- **Siding Spring** node construction imminent

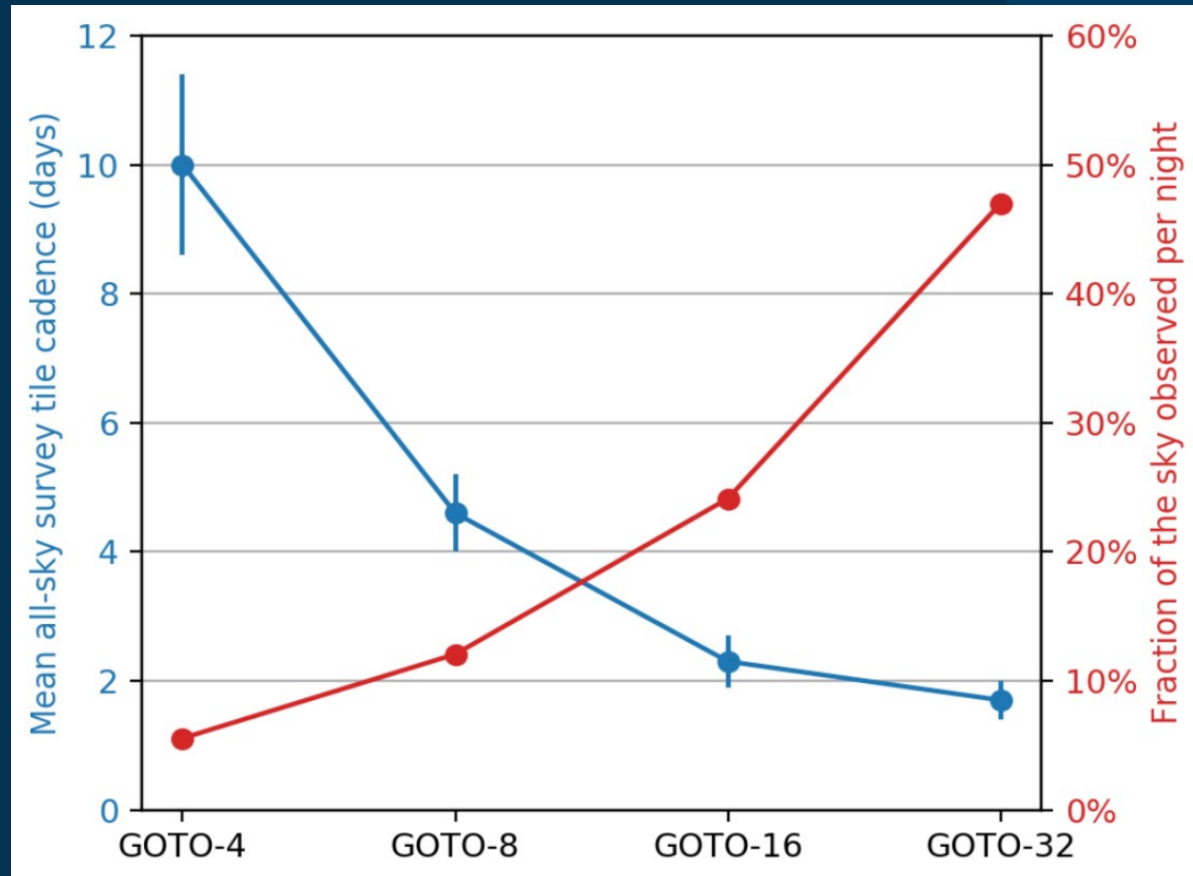


La Palma node in 2022

GOTO fills in longitudinal gaps for continuous night-sky coverage



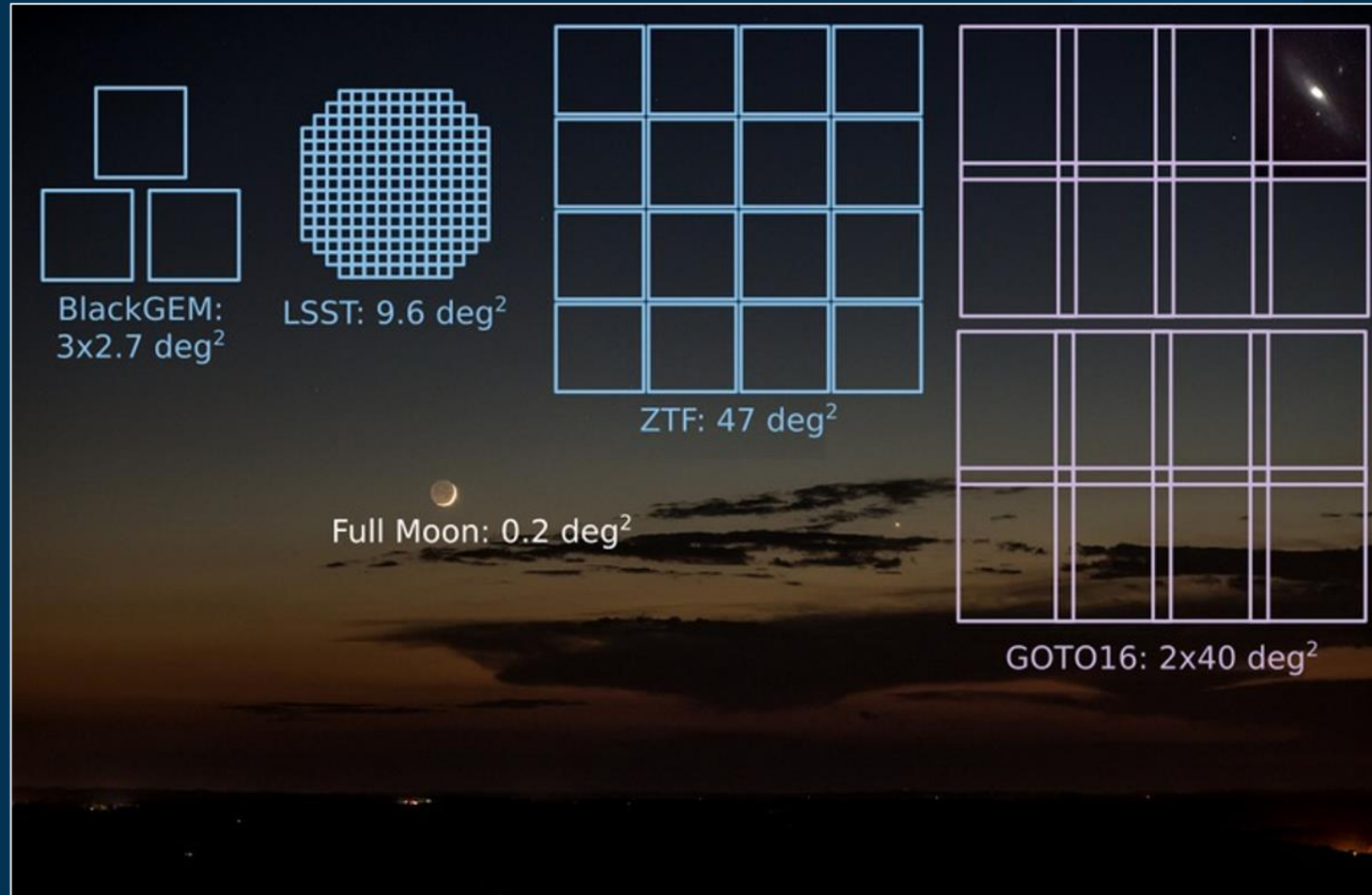
GOTO will survey the entire sky every ~2 days



GOTO FULL DESIGN

FIELD OF VIEW

Each GOTO node will have a $\sim 80 \text{ deg}^2$ footprint



GOTO is an all-sky, twin-site, wide-field fast EM optical survey

- Final collimation of La Palma telescopes happening now
- Build up “template” images to all difference imaging over next months
- Begin Siding Spring construction over 2022



THANK YOU!



- **Multi-messenger astronomy offers new means to study exotic transients**
- **Gravitational-wave EM follow-up is key in next detector runs (2022-2023) to build on the legacy of GW170817**
- **GOTO is a UK-led project dedicated to multi-messenger science**
- **GOTO's full design is an all-sky, twin-site, wide-field fast optical survey**
 - La Palma science operations imminent
 - Siding Spring to be completed over 2022
- **GOTO will provide a stream of new discoveries and rapid follow-up, enabled by novel automated classification models**

